Ultrasound, 1st line of defense



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Today's Topics

Intro to UE Systems

Who we are and what we do

Ultrasound technology

How the technology works for maintenance

Applications areas

Where we use it

Controlling Lubrication

How this technology can support you



About UE Systems

- Founded in 1973 in Elmsford New York, USA
- Over 40 years experience with ULTRASOUND
- We are a global company
- European Headquarters in the Netherlands
- Regional Manager for G-A-CH is located in Germany
- 2015 over 600 users trained in Europe







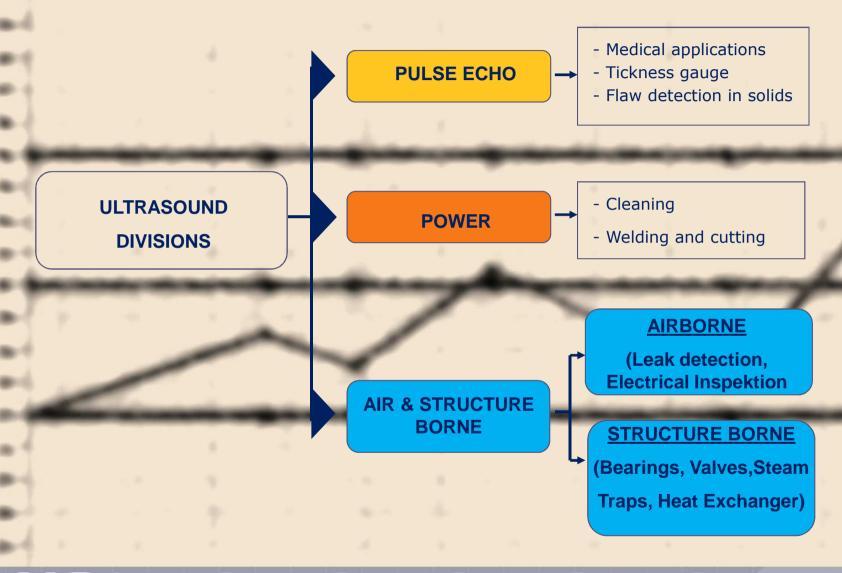
Progress of the Ultrasound Technology

- in the early days analog instruments

 Troubleshooter to detect failures
- Thereafter digital instruments allows sound recording and with help of the UE Spectralyzer analyses.
 - Repeatability of Data and standards
- Today Software Analyses increasing demand of recordings, data collecting and reporting



Kinds of Ultrasound





Typical application areas

Leak detection (40 kHz)

- Pressure or vacuum, any type of gas
- Heat exchangers
- Tanks and boilers
- Window seal inspections

Valve inspection (25 kHz)

- Valve leak detection
- Steam trap inspection

Mechanical inspection (30 kHz)

- Condition monitoring of bearings
- Condition based lubrication
- Pumps for cavitations
- Conveyor belt systems

Electrical inspection (40 kHz)

Discharge testing on:

- Switchgears
- Power lines & isolators
- Transformers
- Circuit breakers

(Tracking, Arcing, Corona & mechanical looseness)

Speciality solutions for:

- Automotive WNWL
- Aircraft inspections
- Marine hatch testing
- •Rail roads



Bearings

The lubricant used for a bearing is extremely reduced compared to what is usually needed. An excess of lubricant in the bearing can be harmful.

FAG Kugelfischer Georg Schäfer AG

Publ.- No. WL 81 115/4 SB "Lubricación de Rodamientos" Pág. 35

A correct period between lubrications depends on many factors. Recommendations can be based only on statistic rules.

SKF, México Web page bajo palabra Relubricación

Even if traditional rules and practices can be sometimes correct, it is evident that sometimes it doesn't work.

Noria Corporation, Lube-Tips Newsletter



Lubrication Can Hide a Bad Bearing for Only a Short Time

Good Bearing

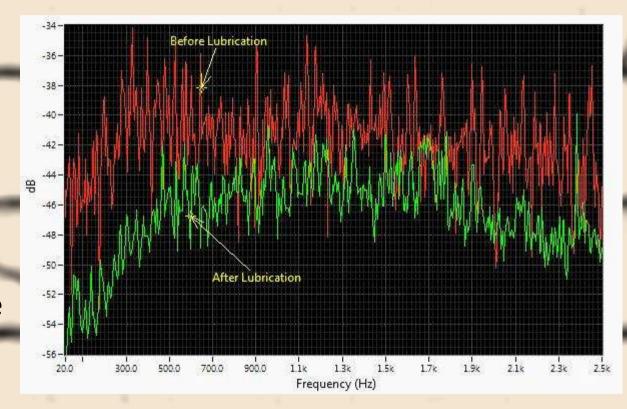


Grease being applied



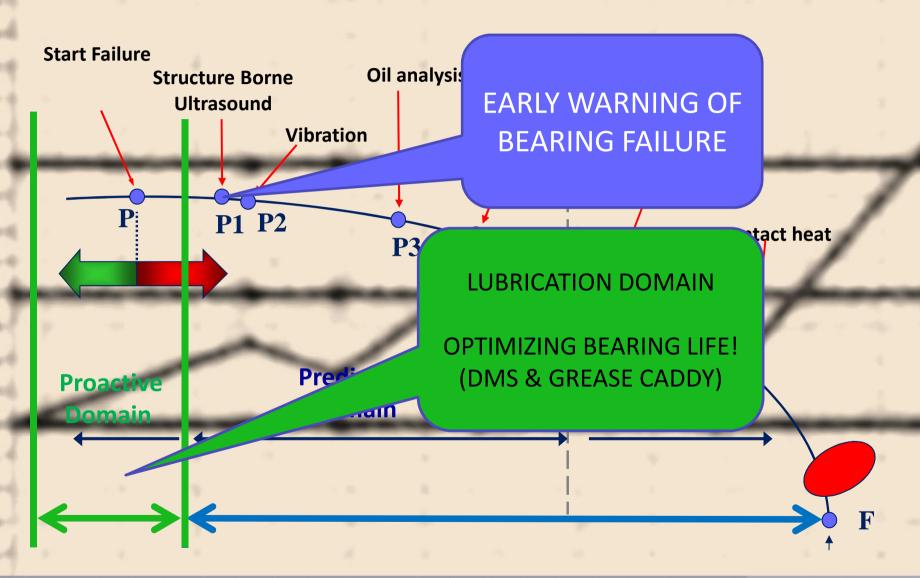
3 Minutes after Grease applied







PRINCIPLE OVERVIEW





BEARING MONITORING

Using ultrasound technology for trending bearing condition:

- -> Indicating early warning of failure
- -> Identifying lubrication condition
- -> Avoiding over lubrication

Works also on slow speed bearings!

Friction between mechanical components will cause a sound energy



BEARING MONITORING

The dB levels can be used to evaluate condition in the route-based data collection principle with help of DMS software:

- Baseline + 8dB = Lubrication alarm
- Baseline + 12dB = microscopic damage
- Baseline + 16dB = visual damage





What about lubrication?.... Seems simple.....

The dilemma: HOW MUCH & WHEN?





Action Levels





8 dB Lack Of Lubrication

16 dB Damage (Visual Faults)

35 dB + Severe Damage (Approaching Catastrophic Failure)

Action Levels are values added above baseline readings to take corrective action, once those levels are crossed.

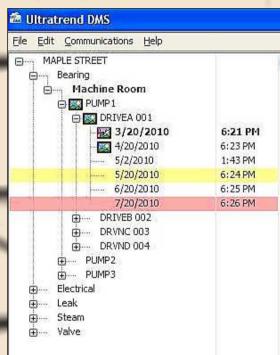


Before greasing -> Inspection

Perform route walk-through to determine most efficient way to build route and note safety hazards!

Group similar bearings i.e. same housing, rpm, load for comparison.

Note any variables that might effect test data (ex: variable speed, accessibility).

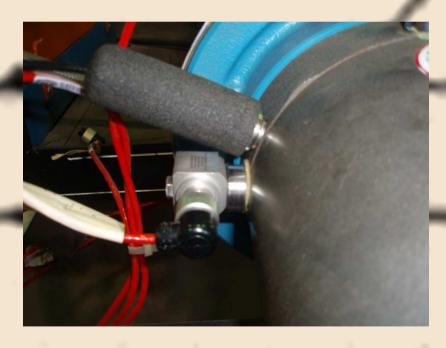




How to establish a Baseline

There are several ways to do this. A good baseline sound wave should have a smooth white noise.

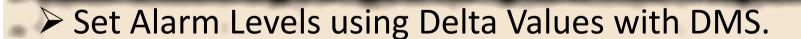
- Properly Installed New Bearing.
- Mean Value.
- Lowest Decibel.
- Mark First Reading





<u>Data Collection with the</u> <u>Data Management Software (DMS)</u>

- Create a Route in DMS.
- Upload Route from DMS
- > Acquire Data.
- Record Baseline Sounds.
- > Download route to DMS.



> Review Data.



Inspecting Bearings

- Review deviations and determine the need for further action.
 I.e. re-test and record for analysis, test with vibration, test with IR or plan corrective action such as lubricate, replace, align, etc.
- > Review data to be sure there are no major deviations in the group.



Lubrication

AVOID LACK OF LUBRICATION BY:

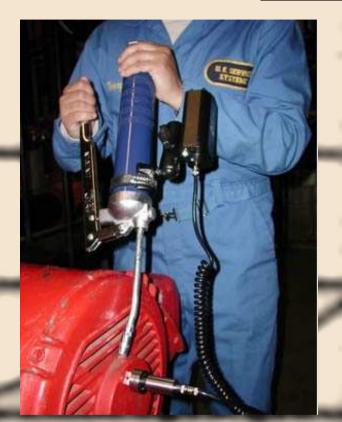
- Note increased sound
 - > A Rise Of about 8dB over Baseline
 - > Uniform rushing sound
- Add Lubrication until the sound level goes down.
- Use Caution Lubricate a little at a time.







Lubrication



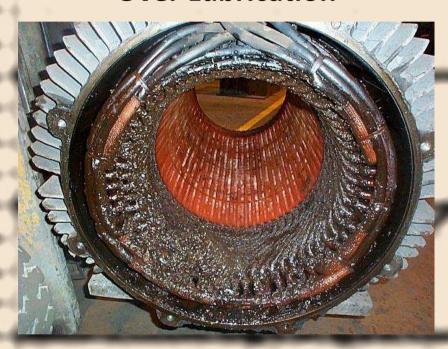


- > Do Not Lubricate If Reading Is The Same As Baseline.
 - > Lubricate Enough To Maintain Baseline.



Over Lubrication

Over Lubrication



Bare Wire





Summary controlled Lubrication program

- Indicating early warning of failure
- Identifying lubrication condition
- Avoiding over lubrication
- Also useable on slow speed bearings



Questions?



