

Bearing Failure Analysis for Improved Plant Reliability



David Beattie BE (Mech)
PRINCIPAL ENGINEER



Bearings: The Plankton



Without bearings, our 'ecosystem' fails.

Cost of failure:

- Financial/operational loss
- Personal grief/pressure
- Downtime

Collateral Damage

Rebuild costs

Safety concerns





About DASH



Frustration due to:

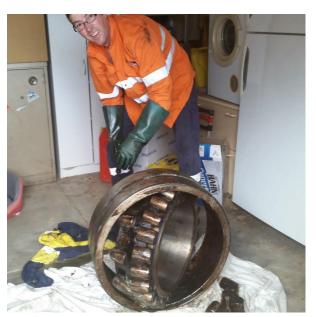
- expertise underutilised
- square pegs in round holes
- salespersons selling incorrect products and influencing decision making
- reliance on sales persons to make technical decision on Engineer's behalf

WE DO NOT SELL PRODUCT:

No alignment with suppliers









Failure analysis – it is worth it!



- Knowledge from NSK and SKF
- Experience from industry exposure
- Skill from being inquisitive

EVERY BEARING HAS A LIFE EVERY BEARING TELLS A STORY









Pulley objective: Achieve lagging life (approximately 4 years)

Actual pulley life: From 2 months to 2 years

Primary mode of failure:

- Misalignment
- False Brinelling
- Lack of lubricant
- Bearing Overloading
- Incorrect installation
- Wrong internal clearance
- Wrong grease
- Bearing manufacturer
- Or other wives tales, red herrings and perceptions





There are many theories, ideas, stories and perceptions, however there is little evidence to substantiate many of these claims.





The <u>Primary Root Cause</u> of Premature Pulley Bearing Failure <u>at this time</u> is CONTAMINATION from DIRT and WATER.

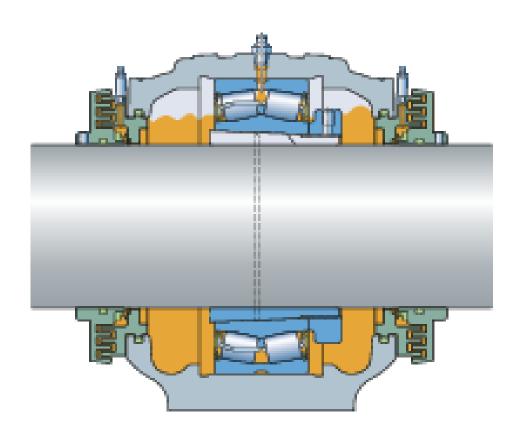
- Contamination entry is primarily via the grease filled labyrinth seal
- Contamination utilises the excess cavity grease to migrate to the bearing rolling surfaces
- The cavity grease is perceived (and sold) as a contamination barrier in reality, it is a carrier.







Bearing manufacturers recommend:



Drawing Reference: SKF Website: http://www.skf.com/au/products/bearin gs-units-housings/bearinghousings/skftaconiteseal.html





EXCESS GREASE in housing cavity.

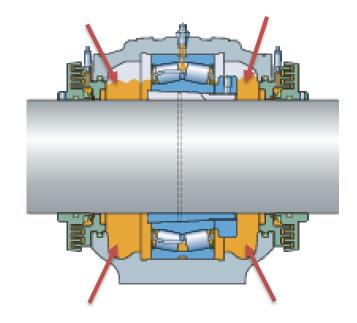
Perceptions:

- Additional barrier (universally adopted)
- Grease filled labyrinths are effective

Seals:

- Standard Labyrinth
- Taconite Labyrinth
- Scorpion Labyrinth (CBC)
- Kobra Vertical Labyrinth (SKF)

Recommendation: Excessive cavity grease fill



























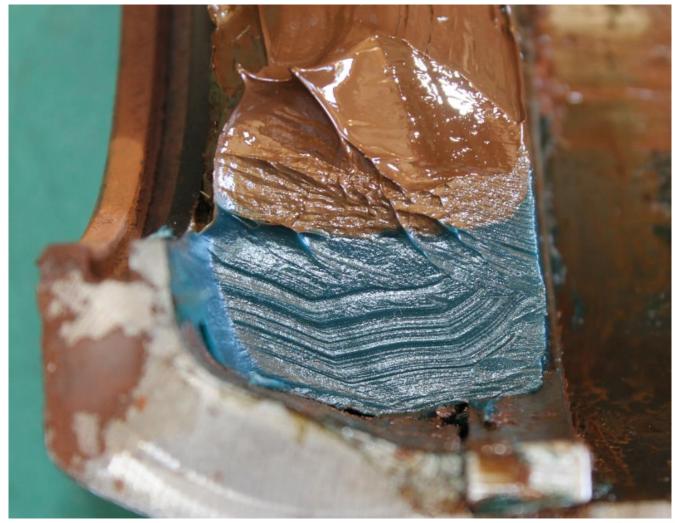






























Contamination ingress into sealed bearing







Bearing Damage from Contamination – sealed or unsealed bearing:







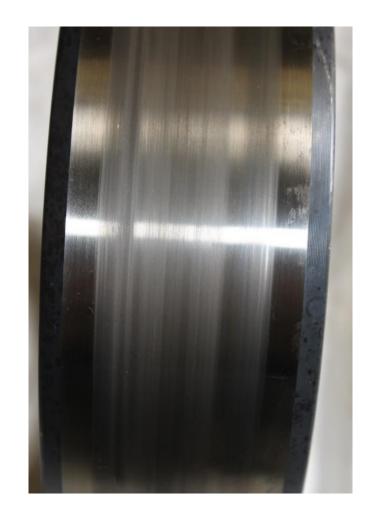
Fractures, accelerated surface degradation, spalling, vibration, cage failure, scalloping, adhesion, lubricant degradation, heat generation....





THEORETICAL LIFE V ACTUAL LIFE

- Larger capacity bearing = longer life
- 'Extra capacity' bearings are now 'normal' – bigger is better
- Design consideration in 'sales pitch' is the ability to 'downsize' equipment
- Theoretical 'bearing life' calculation often influences bearing selection





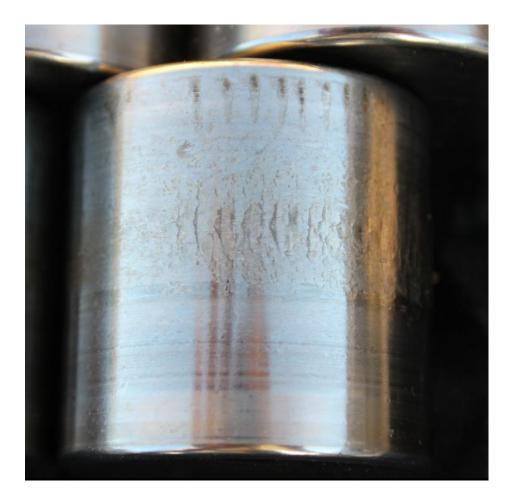


- All rolling element bearings require a minimum applied load
- Excess lubricant (grease) can influence this minimum load
- Normal practice is that equipment is rebuilt and the option of reducing shaft and housing dimensions is not practical







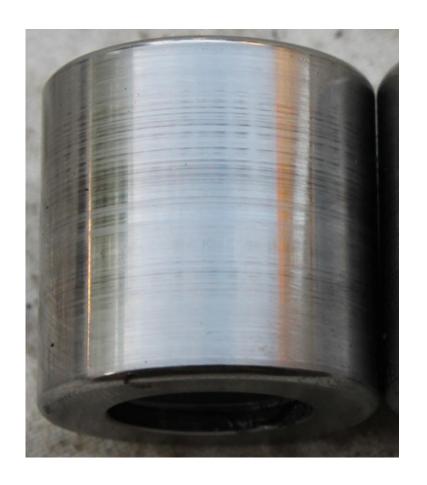


Material Smearing/melting















Heat Discolouration/adhesion/circumferential scratching

UNDER LOADING



CONCLUSION



- Understanding the fundamentals of the potential failure modes
- Reviewing and confirming the failure mode(s) provides accurate information for corrective action(s) allowing confidence for IMPROVED PLANT RELIABILITY



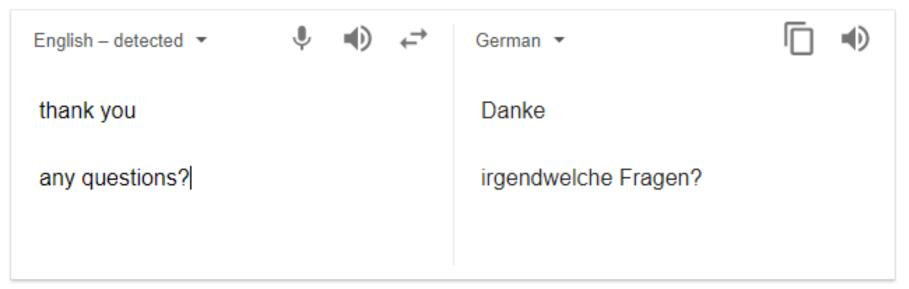






Questions





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